Chapter 6 Ratio and Proportion Ex 6.2

Question 1.

Which of the following statements are true?

(i) 2.5: 1.5:: 7.0: 4.2

(ii) 12:13=13:14

(iii) 24 men : 16 men = 33 horses : 22 horses.

Solution:

(i) 2.5: 1.5:: 7.0: 4.2

Product of extremes = $2.5 \times 4.2 = 10.50$

Product of means = $1.5 \times 7.0 = 10.50$

By cross product rule

Product of extremes = Product of means

2.5: 1.5:: 7.0: 4.2 is true statement

 $(ii)^{\frac{1}{2}}: \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{3}: \frac{1}{4}$

Product of extremes = $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{8}$

Product of means = $\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{9}$

By cross product rule

Product of extremes ≠ Product of means

 $\frac{1}{2}$: $\frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{3}$: $\frac{1}{4}$ is not a true statement.

(in) 24 men: 16 men = 33 horses: 22 horses

Product of extremes = $24 \times 22 = 528$

Product of means = $16 \times 33 = 528$

By cross product rule

Product of extremes = Product of means

24 men : 16 men = 33 horses : 22 horses is a true statement.

Question 2.

Check whether the following numbers are in proportion or not:

(i) 18, 10, 9, 5

(ii) 3, 312, 4, 412

(iii) 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.6

Solution:

(i) 18, 10, 9, 5

Product of extremes = $18 \times 5 = 90$

Product of means = $10 \times 9 = 90$

By cross product rule

Product of extremes = Product of means

The numbers 18, 10, 9, 5 are in proportion.

(ii) 3,
$$3\frac{1}{2}$$
, 4, $4\frac{1}{2}$

Product of extremes

$$= 3 \times 4\frac{1}{2} = 3 \times \frac{9}{2} = \frac{27}{2}$$

Product of means

$$=3\frac{1}{2}\times4=\frac{7}{2}\times4=\frac{28}{2}=14$$

By cross product rule

Product of extremes ≠ Product of means

The numbers 3, $3\frac{1}{2}$, 4, $4\frac{1}{2}$ are not in proportion.

(iii) 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.6

Product of extremes = $0.1 \times 0.6 = 0.06$

Product of means = $0.2 \times 0.3 = 0.06$

By cross product rule

Product of extremes = Product of means

The numbers 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.6 are in proportion.

Question 3.

Find x in the following proportions:

(i) x : 4 = 9 : 12

(ii) 113 : x :: 12 : 15

(iii) 3.6:0.4 = x:0.5

Solution:

By cross product rule Product of extremes = Product of means

$$x \times 12 = 4 \times 9$$

$$x=\frac{4\times 9}{12}$$

$$x = \frac{36}{12}$$

$$x = 3$$

(ii)
$$\frac{1}{13}$$
: x:: $\frac{1}{2}$: $\frac{1}{5}$

By cross product rule

Product of means = Product of extremes

$$x\times\frac{1}{2}=\frac{1}{13}\times\frac{1}{5}$$

$$x \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{65}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{65} \div \frac{1}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{65} \times 2$$

$$x=\frac{2}{65}$$

(iii)
$$3.6:0.4=x:0.5$$

By cross product rule

Product of means = Product of extremes

$$0.4 \times x = 3.6 \times 0.5$$

$$x = \frac{3.6 \times 0.5}{0.4}$$

$$x = \frac{1.80}{0.4}$$

$$x = 4.5$$

Question 4.

Find the fourth proportional to

(i) 42, 12, 7

(ii) 13, 14, 15

(iii) 3 kg, 12 kg, 15 kg

Solution:

Let the fourth proportional be x.

Then 42, 12, 7, x are in proportion

Using the cross product rule

Product of extremes = Product of means

$$42 \times x = 12 \times 7$$

$$x = \frac{12 \times 7}{42}$$

$$x=\frac{84}{42}$$

$$x = 2$$

(ii)
$$\frac{1}{3}$$
, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{5}$

Let x be the fourth proportional, then

$$\frac{1}{3}$$
, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{5}$, x are in proportion

Using cross product rule

Product of extremes = Product of means

$$\frac{1}{3} \times x = \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{5}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} \times x = \frac{1}{20}$$

$$x=\frac{1}{20}\div\frac{1}{3}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{20} \times 3$$

$$x=\frac{3}{20}$$

(iii) 3 kg, 12 kg, 15 kg

Let the fourth proportional be x kg, then

3 kg, 12 kg, 15 kg, x kg are in proportion

Using cross product rule

Product of extremes = Product of means

$$3 \times x = (12 \times 15) \text{ kg}$$

$$3x = 180 \text{ kg}$$

$$x = 60 \text{ kg}$$

Question 5.

Check whether 7, 49, 343 are in continued proportion or not.

Solution:

Three quantities are said to be in continued proportion if a: b = b: c i.e., if

$$\frac{a}{b} = \frac{b}{c}$$
 i.e., if $b^2 = ac$

Here,
$$a = 7$$
, $b = 49$, $c = 343$

$$b^2 = ac$$

$$(49)^2 = 7 \times 343$$

$$49 \times 49 = 7 \times 343$$

Yes, the number 7,49, 343 are in continued proportion.

Question 6.

Find the third proportional to

(i) 36, 18

(ii) 514, 7

(iii) 3.2, 0.8

Solution:

(i) 36, 18

Let the third proportional to 36, 18 be x.

Then 36, 18 and x are in continued proportion

36:18::18:x

Using the cross product rule

Product of extremes = Product of means

$$36 \times x = 18 \times 18$$

$$x = 9$$

Hence, the third proportion is 9

(ii)
$$5\frac{1}{4}$$
, 7

Let the third proportional to $5\frac{1}{4}$, 7 be x

Then $5\frac{1}{4}$, 7 and x are in continued proportion

i.e.
$$5\frac{1}{4}:7::7:x$$

$$\frac{21}{4}:7::7:x$$

Using cross product rule

Product of extremes = Product of means

$$\frac{21}{4} \times x = 7 \times 7$$

$$\frac{21}{4} \times x = 49$$

$$x = 49 \div \frac{21}{4}$$

$$x = 49 \times \frac{4}{21}$$

$$x = \frac{196}{21} = \frac{28}{3}$$

$$x = 9\frac{1}{3}$$

Hence, third proportion is $9\frac{1}{3}$

(iii) 3.2, 0.8

Let the third proportional to 3.2, 0.8 be x.

Then 3.2, 0.8 and x are in continued proportion

i.e., 3.2 : 0.8 :: 0.8 : x

Products of extremes = $3.2 \times x$

Product of means = 0.8×0.8

$$3.2 \times X = 0.8 \times 8$$

$$x = 0.2$$

Hence, third proportion is 0.2

Question 7.

The ratio between the length and width of a rectangular sheet of paper is 7 : 5. If the width of the sheet is 20.5 cm, find its length.

Solution:

Let the length of the sheet be x.

Then the ratio of length to width is x: 20.5 cm.

According to given statement,

x: 20.5 cm = 7:5

Using cross product rule

Product of extremes = Product of means

 $x \times 5 = 20.5 \text{ cm} \times 7$

 $x \times 5 = 143.5 \text{ cm}$

x = 28.7 cm

Hence, length of the sheet = 28.7 cm

Question 8.

The ages of Amit and Archana are in the ratio 4:5. If Amit is 4 years 8 months old, find the age of Archana.

Solution:

Let the age of Archana be x.

Then the ratio of ages of Amit and Archana be 4 years 8 months: x.

1 year = 12 months

4 years = 4×12 months = 48 months

4 years 8 months = (48 + 8) months = 56 months

According to given statement,

56 months: x:: 4:5

Using cross product rule

Product of means = Product of extremes

 $x \times 4 = 56 \text{ months} \times 5$

x = 70 months

Converting months in years

12)70(5 years

60

10 months

70 months = 5 years 10 months

Hence, the age of Archana is 5 years 10 months.