# Christu Jyothi Convent Sr. Sec. School, Baraut Half Yearly Syllabus

## **Class-II**

**Subject- Computer** 

# Lesson – 1 Computer: A Smart Electronic Device

# **Book work**

### Page no. 10 Try this

1. I am a smart electronic device that helps you to do many things. What am I?

Ans: Computer

2. A computer cannot work on its own. There are three basic steps that it follows to complete a task. What are the steps?

Ans: Input - Process - Output.

3. One of the disadvantages of a computer is

Ans: A computer is a costly device.

Exercises

- A. Tick (  $\checkmark$  ) and write the correct option.
- 1. A computer cannot make
- (a) decisions  $(\checkmark)$
- (b) errors ( )
- 2. A computer has a very good
- (a) memory (✓)
- (b) expression ( )
- 3. A computer is a
- (a) cheap device ( )
- (b) costly device  $(\checkmark)$

4. The calculations in a computer are done by

(a) mouse
(b) CPU
(✓)

5. A computer can perform many functions at the same time and this is known as

- (a) slow ( )
- (b) multitasking (✓)

## Page no. 12

## **B. Fill in the blanks.**

- 1. A computer is a smart <u>electronic</u> device.
- 2. A computer works on electricity
- 3. It can perform a large number of <u>calculations</u> without getting tired.
- 4. It is a good source of **information** for the children.
- 5. A computer will not function properly if attacked by a virus.

# C. Tick ( 🖌 ) the correct option.

1. Is a smart device	 computer ( 🗸 )	human ( )
2. Never gets tired	 computer ( 🗸 )	human ( )
3. Stores large information	 computer ( 🗸 )	human ( )
4. Has feelings	 computer ( )	human ( 🗸 )

# <u>Page no. 14</u>

# B. Unscramble the letters to make meaningful words. See clues for finding the answer.

1. ARTSM	SMART		
[Some features make a computer smarter than humans.]			
2. RALENGIN	LEARNING		
[A computer helps children do many more things.]			
3. RIVSU	VIRUS		
[This can affect the working of a computer.]			
4. CIEDNOIS	DECISION		
[This is something that a computer cannot take on its own.]			
5. EEPSD	SPEED		
[A computer has this much more than humans.]			

# Lesson – 1

# **Copy work**

# D. Answer the following questions.

- Q-1: What are the two things a computer needs to work?
- Ans: Electricity and Human instructions.
- Q-2: Write three differences between a computer and a human being.
- Ans: (i) A computer does not make any mistake.
  - A human being can make mistakes.
  - (ii) A computer does not forget the stored information.
    - A human being can forget information.
  - (iii) A computer does not have any feelings.
    - A human being has feelings.
- **Q-3**: Write two advantages and two disadvantages of a computer.
- Ans: <u>Advantages</u>: (i) A computer works very fast.
  - (ii) A computer is a good source of information.
  - <u>Disadvantages</u>: (i) A computer is a costly device.
    - (ii) A computer needs electricity to work.
- Q-4: What are the three basic steps that a computer follows to complete a task?
- Ans: Input ----Process -----Output

# Lesson- 2 Uses of a Computer

## **Book work**

### **Exercises**

# A. Fill in the blanks.

- 1. Computers are used in
- (a) schools for teaching
- (b) hospitals for keeping patient records
- (C) homes for **playing game**
- 2. Computers also help
- (a) in learning **new skills**
- (b) in designing **books and magazines**
- () in launching rockets and satellites

## **B. Match the following.**

COLUMNA	COLUMN B
1. Making report card	$\rightarrow$ (a) Books and clothes
2. Designing	, (b) Animation
3. Sending messages	🗡 (C) School
4. Making cartoon films	💛 (d) E-mail
<u>C. State true (T) or false (F).</u>	
1. Computers are used for maintaining records.	(T)
2. In a bank, computers are used for booking tickets.	(F)
3. Computers are used to print bills and receipts.	(T)
4. Computers are not used in shops and offices.	(F)
5. A computer needs fuel to work.	(F)

# Page no. 23



# Lesson – 2 (copy work)

#### D. Answer the following.

- Ques-1: Write two uses of a computers at airports and railway stations.
- Ans: (i) Booking tickets and making reservations.
  - (ii) Keeping records of passengers.
- Ques-2: How an audio-video aid useful for students and teachers?
- Ans: (i) Smart classes have simplified the teaching and learning.
  - (ii) Teachers can make their lessons Interactive with the help of different audio-video files.
- Ques-3: Name any two things you know that have been designed using a computer.
- Ans: Two things that have been designed using a computer are
  - (i) Clothes (ii) Machines

**Q-4:** Write two uses of computers in space research.

Ans: (i) Finding information about space.

(ii) Launching rockets and satellites into space.

# Lesson – 3 Input and Output Devices

# (Book Work)

## Page no. 29 (Try this)

1. I have many keys but usually only two or three locks. What am I?

Ans: Keyboard

2. I come in a square package, but I am round. I can contain lots of information. Handle me carefully. What am I?

Ans: DVD

#### <u>Page no. 30</u>

#### A. Fill in the blanks.

1. A **<u>keyboard</u>** has different keys on it.

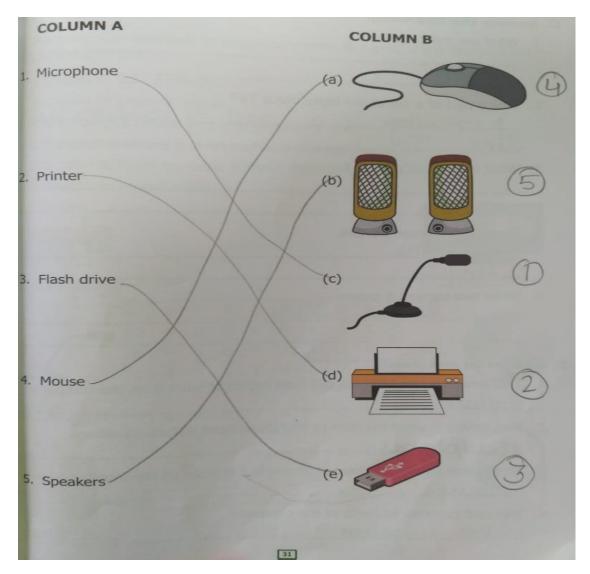
- 2. A mouse has **two or more** buttons on it.
- 3. A **pen drive** is also called a flash drive.
- 4. The printed copy is called a **hard copy**.
- 5. A **microphone** is used to record our words in the computer.

## B. State true (T) or false (F).

- 1. A standard keyboard has 105 keys. (F)
- 2. A microphone is used to record different sounds. (T)
- 3. A monitor and mouse are output devices. (F)
- 4. CPU is the brain of a computer. (T)
- 5. A headphone is an input device. (F)

#### Page no. 31

## C. Match the following.



### Page no. 32

#### E. Answer in one word.

1. This device is used to take out hard copies of work from the computer.

Ans: Printer

2. This device is used to listen to sounds without disturbing others.

Ans: Headphones

3. This device is used to point at and select objects on the monitor screen.

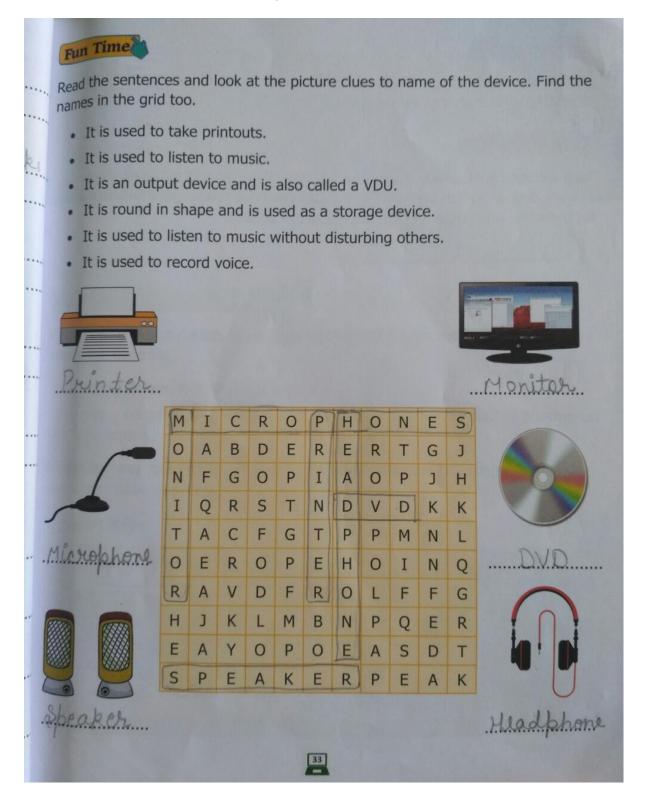
Ans: Mouse

4. This unit controls all parts of the computer.

Ans: CPU / System unit

#### Page no. 33 Fun time

Read the sentences and look at the picture clues to name of the device. Find the names in the grid too.



# Lesson – 3

# **Copy work**

#### D. Answer the following.

- Q-1: What are input devices?
- Ans: Input devices are used to enter data into a computer.
- Q-2: Which part of a computer looks like a TV?
- **Ans**: A monitor is a part of computer which looks like a TV.
- Q-3: What are output devices?
- Ans: Output devices are used to display and give the final output.
- Q-4: Name two storage devices.
- Ans: Two storage devices are:
  - i) Hard Disk
  - ii) Pen Drive
- **Q-5**: Write two uses of a mouse.
- Ans: i) A Mouse helps us to draw pictures and play games.
  - ii) A Mouse is used for pointing and selecting items on the computer screen.

## Lesson – 4 Keyboard: Basic and Special Keys

## **Book Work**

## Page no. 43 (Exercise)

#### A. Fill in the blanks.

- 1. Number keys are also known as **<u>numeric</u>** keys.
- 2. Spacebar is the **longest** key on the keyboard.
- 3. The **<u>enter</u>** key does not print anything on the screen.
- 4. <u>Symbols</u> on the keys are called special characters.
- 5. The standard keyboard has **<u>104</u>** keys.

# B. State true (T) or false (F).

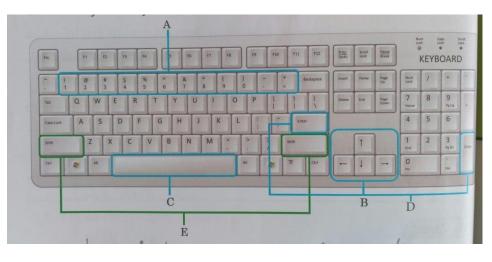
1. There are two sets of number keys on a keyboard.	
2. Alphabet keys are arranged in a particular sequence on the keyboard.	(F)
3. Caps Lock key is used to erase a character.	(F)
4. Ctrl and Alt keys are combination keys.	(T)
5. The Delete key is not used to erase text.	(F)
6. There are two Shift keys on the keyboard.	(T)

## Page no. 44

## C. Which key am I?

- **1**. We move the cursor in all the four directions.
- Ans: Arrow keys.
- 2. I type the letters in capital.
- Ans: Caps lock key
- **3**. I move the cursor to a new line.
- Ans: Enter key
- **4**. I erase the letters from the right side of the cursor.
- Ans: Delete key
- **5**. I give space between the words.
- Ans: Spacebar key

## B. Identify the keys and write their names.



A. Numeric keys

B. Arrow keys

E. Shift keys

# Lesson – 4 Copy work

## Answer the following questions.

Q-1: What is a cursor?

**Ans**: Cursor is a small blinking arrow on the monitor where the next typed letter or number appears.

Q-2: Which keys are also called cursor control keys? How many are they in number?

**Ans**: Arrow keys are called cursor control keys. They are four in number.

**Q-3**: What is the numeric keypad?

**Ans**: The number keys that are present on the right side of the keyboard are arranged in a numeric keypad.

**Q-4**: What are combination keys? Name two combination keys.

**Ans**: Combination key is a key that is used in with another key to perform a particular operation. Name of two combination keys are-Shift key, Control key.

Q-5: How many numeric keys are there on the numeric keypad?

Ans: There are 10 numeric keys on the numeric keypad.

**Q-6**: Write the function of Arrow key and Spacebar.

Ans: Arrow key: Arrow keys are used to move the cursor in four directions, that is, up, down, left and right.

Spacebar key: Spacebar key is used to insert a blank space between words or characters.